

RETINA PAINTS LIMITED

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

1. PREFACE

a. Retina Paints Ltd. (“RPL”) believes in conducting all affairs of its constituents in fair and transparent manner, by adopting the highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behavior. The organization is committed to comply with the laws and regulations to which it is subject. For this, it has put in place systems, policies and processes to interpret and apply these laws and regulations in the organizational environment. These would help to strengthen and promote ethical practices and ethical treatment of all those who work in and with the organization.

The organization’s internal controls & operating procedures are intended to detect and prevent improper activities. However, even the best of systems and controls cannot provide absolute safeguards against irregularities, Intentional and unintentional violations of the organization’s policies could occur.

Towards this end, the Company has framed a Code of Conduct (“the Code”), which lays down the principles and standards that should govern the actions of the Company and its employees. Any actual or potential violation of the Code, howsoever insignificant or perceived as such, would be a matter of serious concern for the Company. There is a provision under the Code requiring employees to report violations, which states:

Reporting Concerns:

Every employee of RPL shall promptly report to the management any actual or possible violation of the Code or an event he becomes aware of that could affect the business or reputation.

Through this policy, the organization is providing a window through which such irregularities may be brought to light, by individuals who may be interacting with / observing the organization in the course of their business. The information provided would be useful in making its processes and systems more robust, and sustainable.

b. LODR, *inter alia*, provides for all listed companies to establish a mechanism called “Whistle Blower Policy” for employees to report to the management instances of unethical behaviour, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of the Company’s code of conduct or ethics policy.

c. Accordingly, this Whistle Blower Policy (“the Policy”) has been formulated with a view to provide a mechanism for employees of the Company to approach the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company. This policy would also help to create an environment where individuals feel free and secure to raise the alarm where they see a problem. It will also ensure that whistleblowers are protected from retribution, whether within or outside the organization

2. Definitions

The definitions of some of the key terms used in this Policy are given below. Capitalized terms are not defined herein shall have the meaning assigned to them under the Code.

2.1 Code:

Retina Paints Ltd Code of Conduct (RPL CoC)

2.2 Whistleblower:

An individual employee, channel partner, business associate or a customer of the organization, who makes a Protected Disclosure, keeping the organization’s interests in mind

2.3 Employee:

Every employee of the Company including the Directors in the employment of the Company.

2.4 Protected Disclosure:

Any communication made in good faith that discloses or demonstrates an intention or evidence of an ongoing spurious / unethical activity or any condition that may pre-empt occurrence of such activities

2.5 Subject:

A person against or in relation to whom a Protected Disclosure has been made or evidence gathered during the course of an investigation.

2.6 Audit Committee:

Constituted by the Board of Directors of the company in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and read with LODR.

2.7 Investigators:

Persons authorized, consulted or approached by the Chairman of the Audit Committee -Includes the auditors of the Company and the police.

3. Scope

The policy is an extension of the RPL Code of Conduct. The **Whistleblower's Role** is that of a reporting party, with reliable information. He/ she is not required or expected to act as investigators or finder of facts. He/ she cannot determine corrective actions either. Whistle blower does not have to obtain evidence in order to support his/ her information. His/ her role is simply to **"Raise the Alarm"**.

4. Eligibility

All employees, channel partner, business associate or a customer of the organization, are eligible to make Protected Disclosures under the Policy. The Protected Disclosures may be in relation to matters concerning the Company.

5. Indications to Raise an Alarm

A matter can be considered serious enough for an alarm to be raised if it satisfies any of the following conditions:

5.1 Serious violation of any organization-level policy, indicating that certain internal control points are weak

5.2 Matter is likely to receive media or public attention

5.3 Exposes the organization to a significant monetary or non-monetary liability

5.4 Points towards any event which is the result of criminal action e.g. Disappearance of cash/ funds

5.5 Indicates any incident/ possible incident of sexual harassment at the workplace

5.6 Indicates a significant threat to the health/safety of employees/community

5.7 Any other violation/possible violation of the IPRL Code of Conduct

EXCEPTIONS:

Any matter which is an individual employee grievance relating to the terms and conditions of employment are to be reported to the relevant HR personnel.

An ethical violation where the impact is not at the organization level are to be reported to the Locational Hierarchy.

6. Disqualification:

The following instances would constitute a violation of the Whistleblower Policy.

6.1 Bringing to light personal matters regarding another person, which are in no way connected to the organization

6.2 Reporting information which, he/ she does not have an authorization to access

6.3 While it will be ensured that genuine Whistle Blowers are accorded complete protection from any kind of unfair treatment as herein set out, any **abuse of this protection** will warrant disciplinary action and would be taken up with utmost sternness. The violations would be investigated and dealt with.

6.4 Protection under this Policy would not mean protection from disciplinary action arising out of **false or bogus allegations** made by a Whistle Blower knowing it to be false or bogus or with a **malafide intention**.

6.5 Whistle Blowers, who make any Protected Disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be malafide or malicious or Whistle Blowers who make 3 or more **Protected Disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be frivolous, baseless or reported otherwise than in good faith**, will be disqualified from reporting further Protected Disclosures under this Policy.

6.6 Actions against such violations could range in their severity, if necessary even extending upto termination of one's employment/ contract/ association with the organization.

7. Procedure

a. Audit Committee Chairman can be approached for reporting/voicing any non-financial/accounting violations.

- b. All Protected Disclosures concerning financial/accounting matters should be addressed to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company for investigation.
- c. If any executive of the Company other than Chairman of Audit Committee receives a Protected Disclosure, the same should be forwarded to the Chairman of the Audit Committee for further appropriate action. Care must be taken to keep the identity of the whistle blower confidential.
- d. Protected Disclosures should preferably be reported in writing so as to ensure a clear understanding of the issues raised and should either be typed out or written in a legible handwriting in Tamil, English, Hindi, regional language of the Whistle Blower's place of employment.
- e. The Protected Disclosure should be forwarded under a covering letter, which shall bear the identity of the Whistle Blower. The Chairman of the Audit Committee shall detach the covering letter and forward only the protected Disclosure to the investigators for investigation.
- f. Protected Disclosures should be factual and not speculative or in the nature of a conclusion, and should contain as much specific information as possible to allow for proper assessment of the nature and extent of the concern.
- g. For the purpose of providing protection to the Whistle Blower, the Whistle Blower should disclose his/her identity only in the covering letter accompanying the Protected Disclosure.

8. Investigation

- a. All Protected Disclosures will be thoroughly investigated by Chairman of the Audit Committee.
- b. Chairman of the Audit Committee Counselor may at his discretion, consider involving any Investigators for the purpose of investigation.
- c. The decision to conduct an investigation is by itself not an accusation and is to be treated as a neutral fact-finding process. The outcome of the investigation may not support the conclusion of the Whistle Blower that an improper or unethical act was committed.
- d. The identity of a Subject and the Whistle Blower will be kept confidential to the extent possible given the legitimate needs of law and the investigation.
- e. Subjects will normally be informed of the allegations at the outset of a formal investigation and have opportunities for providing their inputs during the investigation.

f. Subjects shall have to co-operate with the Chairman of the Audit Committee or any of the Investigators to the extent that such co-operation will not compromise self-incrimination protections available under the applicable laws.

g. Subjects have right to consult with a person or persons of their choice, other than the Investigators and/or members of the Audit Committee and/or the Whistle Blower. Subjects shall be free at any time to engage counsel at their own cost to represent them in the investigation proceedings. However if the allegations against the subject are not sustainable, then the Company may see reason to reimburse such costs.

h. Subjects have a responsibility not to interfere with the investigation. Evidence shall not be withheld, destroyed or tampered with; and witness shall not be influenced, coached, threatened or intimidated by the Subjects.

i. Unless there are compelling reasons not to do so, Subjects will be given the opportunity to respond to material findings contained in an investigation report. No allegation of wrong doing against a Subject shall be considered as maintainable unless there is good evidence in support of the allegation.

j. Subjects have a right to be informed of the outcome of the investigation. If allegations are not sustained, the Subject should be consulted as to whether public disclosure of the investigation results would be in the best interest of the Subject and the Company.

k. The investigation shall be completed normally within 45 days of the receipt of the Protected Disclosure.

9. Investigators

a. Investigators are required to conduct a process towards fact-finding and analysis. Investigators shall derive their authority and access rights from the Audit Committee Chairman when acting within the course and scope of their investigation.

b. Technical and other resources may be drawn upon as necessary to augment the investigation. All Investigators shall be independent and unbiased both in fact and as perceived. Investigators have a duty of fairness, objectivity, thoroughness, ethical behaviour, and observance of legal and professional standards.

c. Investigations will be launched only after a preliminary review by the Chairman of the Audit Committee, which establishes that:

i) The alleged act constitutes an improper or unethical activity or conduct and

ii) The allegation is supported by information specific enough to be investigated or in cases where the allegation is not supported by specific information, it is felt that the concerned matter is worthy of management review. Provided that such investigation should not be undertaken as an investigation of an improper or unethical activity or conduct.

10. Processing the Information received from whistle blowers- Investigation

10.1 The Audit Committee Chairman would identify issues from among the alarm raised by whistle blowers that can be diverted to some other existing channels. E.g. HR Policy Dept., etc.

10.2 If the information indicates an incident has/is taking place, the Audit Committee Chairman shall have the issue investigated, by using the channels available in the organisation.

10.3 If the information indicates a possible violation, or a system deficiency, then the Audit Committee Chairman shall provide corrective direction for implementation.

10.4 The Audit Committee Chairman shall provide a feedback to the Whistle blower on what has happened on the issue raised by him/her.

11. Protection for Whistle blowers

11.1 The Audit Committee is responsible to ensure that the identity of the Whistle Blower is kept strictly confidential. However, in situations where the information provided may lead to uncovering some major issues, which are legal/ criminal in nature the informer's identity may have to be produced before the Police Authorities or in a Court of Law. In such cases, the above is responsible for ensuring that the identity of the whistleblower/s are produced only to the relevant authorities and to no-one else.

11.2 No unfair treatment will be meted out to a Whistle Blower by virtue of his/her having reported a Protected Disclosure under this Policy. The Company, as a policy, condemns any kind of discrimination, harassment, victimization or any other unfair employment practice being adopted against Whistle Blowers. Complete protection will, therefore be given to Whistle Blowers against any unfair practices like retaliation, threat or intimidation of termination/suspension of service, disciplinary action, transfer, demotion, refusal of promotion, or the like including any direct or indirect use of authority to obstruct the Whistle Blower's right to continue to perform his duties/functions including making further Protected Disclosure. The Company will take steps to minimize difficulties, which the Whistle Blower may

experience as a result of making the Protected Disclosure. Thus, if the whistle Blower is required to give evidence in criminal or disciplinary proceedings, the Company will arrange for the Whistle Blower to receive advice about the procedure, etc.

11.3 Whistleblowers are encouraged to immediately report any acts of retribution that have happened to them, due to the fact that they had made a disclosure of information.

11.4 A Whistle Blower may report any violation of the above clause to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, who shall investigate into the same and recommend suitable action to the management.

11.5 Any other employee assisting in the said investigation shall also be protected to the same extent as the Whistle Blower.

12. Decision

If an investigation leads the Chairman of the Audit Committee to conclude that an improper or unethical act has been committed, the Chairman of the Audit Committee shall recommend to the management of the Company to take such disciplinary or corrective actions as they deem fit. It is clarified that any disciplinary or corrective action initiated against the subject as a result of the findings of an investigation pursuant to this Policy shall adhere to the applicable personnel or staff conduct and disciplinary procedures.

13. Reporting

The investigators shall submit a report to the Chairman of the Audit Committee on a regular basis about all Protected Disclosures referred to them since the last report together with the results of investigations, if any.

14. Retention of Documents

All Protected Disclosures in writing or documented along with the results of investigation relating thereto shall be retained by the Company for a minimum period of seven years.

15. Communication of the Policy

The HR Dept. would communicate the policy across the organization and to the other stakeholder groups, using various channels and media of communication, to ensure that all concerned, understand the intent & modus operandi of this policy.

16. Amendment

13.1 The Management would review the policy and update it once in two years, or as and when a new development occurs which needs a change in the policy, whichever is sooner.

13.2 Any policy update or renewal would be communicated to all the persons to whom this policy is applicable.